DAILY CONFEDERATE.

VOLUME II. } RALEIGH, N. C. FRIDAY, APRIL 7, 1865. { NUMBER 81.

DAILY CONFEDERATE.

A. M. GORMAN & Co., Propr'rs.

DAILY EDITION, for 6 months.....$40
" " " 3 " 20
" " " 1 " 10
TRI-WEEKLY, " 6 " 30
" " 3 " 15
WEEKLY EDITION, " 6 " 20

No subscriptions received on any other terms than the above, nor for a longer or shorter period.

HICKSFORD Va., March 28th 1865.

At a meeting of the members of the 4th Battalion, Va. Reserves, and of citizens and refugees, voters of the 2nd Congressional District of Va., Lieut. J. H. Hardee was called to the chair. The object of the meeting being stated, the following preamble and resolutions were on motion unanimously adopted.

WHEREAS, A vacancy in Congress from this congressional district has occurred by the resignation of the late incumbent the Hon. R. H. Whitfield, and whereas, it is essentially necessary that we should be represented by a man whose patriotism, zeal and devotion to the interest of the South have been marked and signal,

Resolved, That in Col. D. J. Godwin we find one who understands our interest as a people, who can feel and appreciate the necessities of that portion of our down trodden district, under the dominion of our vile invaders, and who will devote his attention and talents to the advancement of the former, and the alleviations of the sufferings of the latter.

Resolved, That Col. Godwin's service to his country as an officer, and his personal privations and sacrifices ever since the commencement of the war, in behalf of the Confederacy, are too well known to need rehearsal, and it is not only with a full assurance of his capacity for that position, but a full confidence in his success, that we recommend him to the voters of this district.

Resolved, That a committee of five be appointed to wait on Col. Godwin and furnish him a copy of these proceedings, and request him to allow us to use his name as a candidate for the suffrages of his fellow citizens in the approaching election.

On motion the following gentlemen were appointed a committee to wait on Col. Godwin and request that he allow us the use of his name as a candidate; Capt. R. H. Hammons of Sussex county, Dr. E. T. Phillips of Nansemond, Mr. Elijah Jarrat of Greenville, and Lieut. A. J. Simmons and W. Cutler of Southampton county.

Resolved, That these proceedings be published in the Petersburg, Richmond and Raleigh papers.

J. H. HARDEE Chairman.
C. S. BAILEY.

HICKSFORD VA., March 28th 1865.

CAPT. HAMMONS,
DR. PHILLIPS,
LIEUT. SIMMONS, &c.

Gentlemen:—I received to-day a copy of the proceedings of a meeting, held at this place, by soldiers, citizens, and refugees, of the 2nd congressional district of Va., inviting me to become a candidate for Congress to fill a vacancy occasioned by the resignation of the Hon R. H. Whitfield,

Thanking you kindly for the expression therein contained, you are hereby authorized to use my name as a candidate.

With feelings of high regards, I am Gentlemen, Very respectfully,

D. J. GODWIN, Col. &c.

RALEIGH N. C., April 6, 1865.

[BEAUTIFUL EXTRACT.]

Mr. Editor:—The official reports of the battle of Chickamauga have been published—We find in the closing paragraph of the official reports of Maj. Gen. Wm. B. Bate, the following beautiful tribute to the dead of his (then) Brigade. The reports show that his command lost a greater per cent. than any other in that great battle.

"While I recount the services of the living I cannot pass unremembered the heroic dead; the cypress must be interwoven with the laurel. The bloody field attested the sacrifice of many a noble spirit in the fierce struggle—the private soldier vieing with the officer in deeds of high daring and distinguished courage. While the river of death shall float its soggish current to the beautiful Tennessee, and the night wind chant its solemn dirges over their soldier graves, their names enshrined in the hearts of their countrymen, will be held in grateful remembrance as the champions and defenders of their country, who had sealed their devotion with their blood on one of the most glorious battle-fields of our revolution," Truly yours &c.

J. K.

CAMP NEAR PIKEVILLE N. C.
March 28th, 1865.

Editor Confederate:—Since my letter of 26th, nothing of particular interest has transpired on the front. Gen. Dibrell's divison scouts brought in several prisoners yesterday from the 20th, Army corps, which is camped north of Goldsboro' on the railroad. Sherman is quietly resting and recuperating his army Our soldiers are cheerful and confident, relying on the wisdom of our great leader and justice of divine providence. The morale of the army is a hundred per cent. better than before the battle of Bentonsville.

An instance of individual gallantry, was brought to my notice a few days since, which is worthy of record. Some of our men were out scouting, when a party of Sherman's "foragers" was discovered pillaging a house. Our men charged them. Private R. D. Allison of Co. D. 4th Battalion Tennessee cavalry, McLemore's Brigade, outstripped his companions—and charged into the yard alone, shooting two of the [illegible] and driving the balance in the house. He then dismounted and rushed into the house, which contained nine armed yankees. They all fled through a back window, but one, who was shot down by Allison in the parlor. Just as he had cleared the house of the thieving scamps one of them turned and shot him through the head, killing him instantly.

Thus fell as gallant and brave a soldier as ever fired a gun in the cause of freedom, although he *did belong to Wheeler's cavalry*.—

If all of the croakers who are lying back in the rear, abusing the gallant Wheeler and his brave followers, would emulate the example of this noble youth, North Carolina would soon be too hot to hold Sherman and [illegible] lawless hordes. G. HAMPTON, M.

Sorrow comes soon enough without despondency; it does a man no good to carry around a lightening rod to attract trouble.

List of Casualties.

List of Casualties in the 1st N. C., Battalion in the battle of Bentonsville, N. C. March, 19th 20th and 21st 1865.

Capt R G Rankin Comd'g Batt mortally wounded and since died; Lt Z Ellis act adj't wounded and missing. Sergt R B Jewett, missing.

Co A—Killed L Lesley. D Gillispie. A J McLauchlin; wounded Sergt D Brown, corpl D C Taylor, private K McKoy, D G Gillispie. C Stewart, D Hodges, H Graham, D D McCall, W A Brown, P McKeller; missing D S McLean, J Kitchen, J S McCall. J G Winfry, A D Biggs, J K McGuire, J W James.

Co B—Wounded—Capt J W Taylor, Sgt Rivenbark, privates W H B st, J G Herring, S M Judge, W R Lumb, H W Moore, F M Wilson, C McDaffie; wounded, and missing. Lt J W Taylor, corpl K F Powers, privates J A Alderman, R Bishop R Eakins, J Gillispie, A Johnson, L Jackson, L Kenneday, E King, E Larkins M W Murry, G G Powers, N W Powers, M Taylor, A R Wilson.

Co C—Killed—A Raben. Wounded—Capt W H Brown, Lieut J A Gilchrist, Corpl A M Cobb, Privates G R Jones. A G Potter, D Stone, W H Ray, L Watts, John Underhill, N A Hughes, S B King. Wounded and Missing—Sergt J P Harriss, Corpls W C Gilchrist, J A McPhaul, Privates Robert Hughes, H H Kelly, J A McKay, W B Rodgers, W H Russ, G W Sikes J O Simpson.

Co D—Killed—T S Graham, J W Phillips; wounded and missing Hugh Flowers.

Confederate and other Raleigh papers please copy, and Fayetteville papers please copy.

RICHARD P. ALLEN, Lt.,
A. A. Adjutant.

The list of casulities occurring in the 12th Reg't N. C. Infantry, in the engagement on the 25th ult:

Staff—Maj R W Alston severely wounded.

Co A—Killed—Priv L Q Smyer; wounded, privates J A Epps, D W Moss, M L Sigman and N Travis; missing, Sergt S B Smyer, corpl J C Snook, privs L M Ingold, J H Yount, A G Coffee, Jacob Setzer, R A Wilkerson, S Hendrick and J M Fox.

Co C—Wounded—Capt Kemp Plummer slightly, privs J H Burroughs, S P Stalling, J W. Daniel and Lewis Little; killed, J Fye; missing. N Smith and B Kimbrell.

Co F—Wounded—J B Draper and F Vaughn; missing, Capt J R Turnbull, privs J A Hunby, H Quarles, Jas Quarles and N Hawks.

Co E—Priv D P Goode, leg amputated; missing, privs J Eilmore, M A Daurity and H N Block.

Co G—Missing—Corpl L Suiter, privs J H Hubbard, W G Johnston, Jas Murphy and — Coulter.

Co H—Missing—Capt J A Drake, privs C S Barby, D S Rowland and A F Gossit.

Co I—Missing—Sergt John Johnson, privs J Riggs, Geo Arrington, B F Ambrose and J Bass.

Co K—Wounded—Corpl A P Joyner and priv J H Emerson; privs J R Jones, Wm Joyner, R B Tully, J C Rodgers, R H Gupton and Robt Freeman; killed, J Denton.

WM C. MALLORY,
Hospital Steward 12th N C. Infty.

For the Confederate.

Come and Let us Reason together.

We see no just cause for the despondency of our people—certainly no ground for the bursting of the popular heart or permitting the minds to become paralized by gloomy anticipations of coming events. It is true, that dismal night with her ghosts is hovering around in shades, and that there is much reason for discomfiture and depression; but great battles are to be lost or won before the falling of the curtain in the last act and last scene of the bloody drama. If we will revert to the era of our *old* revolution and renew our patriotism at the fountain heads of those early times we shall feel better nerved for the performance of our duties.

The whole history of that struggle was heroic. Whatever elements make up true glory, national and individual, we see all found in that long travail for independence. Success was not a sudden thing It was long in doubt. Nay, for many long campaigns it seemed improbable, at times almost hopeless. Great and unexpected reverses; sad defections the weak vessels, once trusted brothers, falling off; miserable rivalries even in the face of danger; bickerings, envy, insurbordination in camp; disease, want of munitions of war, and of food, clothing, and shelter; high taxes and impressments; failure to pay the army, an exhausted treasury, and a repudiated currency; the flag almost fainting in the breeze; the country deserted in all its busy avocations, under a thick cloud of gloomy and dreary silence; the forays of domestic enemies; pillaging and devastation; the dwellings of the people blazing at midnight, the path ambushed by day; dark clouds, too horrible for description; the churches closed or become the rendezvous of revelling soldiers; the school house on the hill deserted and the windows broken in; the sudden incursion of hostile cavalry into peaceable neighborhoods, scattering the women and children from the houses which had been pillaged by marauders; the plow stopped in the farrow, and the dilapidated farm overgrown with briers; the towns and villages depopulated and in ruins; and the streets of cities deserted or only exhibiting here and there, under some creaking sign, a little knot of busy idlers and shady politicians, discussing the forlorn hope of the controversy or the last news from headquarters

This condition of their country, so black and desolate, was trying enough to the fortitude and constance of the patriots. It is the highest of all human praise to say, that their constancy and fortitude were equal to such a trial.

But the popular element of interest to a struggle, its triumph, was to succeed all this privation and trial. It came at last, like gleams of grateful sunshine after a long and disastrous storm. And such a triumph! A triumph in which the personal renown of the victors fade, in the splendor of a benefaction to their country and to their race. The South is now contending to perpetuate this heritage, so nobly won by their illustrious sires, down on countless generations of mankind. The same principles are involved now as then. The issue was forced upon us—History has yet to record whether we are the worthy descendants of such a glorious ancestry.

BEAUTIFUL ORGANDI MUSLINS,
For sale at J. KINSEY'S.
apl 6 d2t*

HEADQ'RS WHITFORD'S BRIGADE,
(Near) TARBORO', March 31st, 1865.
GENERAL ORDER, No. 1.
All men absent from the 67th and 68th N. C. Regiments and 1st N. C. Battalion, will find out where their commands is by applying to Col. S. D. Pool, commanding Post at Tarboro'.
By command of Col. J. H. WHITFORD:
JOBN GUION,
apl 5-d3t. A. A. General.

LOST!
Between Weldon and Kittrell's depot, a note against J J Edwards, for two hundred and fifty dollars, payeale in gold, and dated April 1st, 1864.
A suitable reward will be given for its delivery at this office, or to E. H. Overton at Kittrell's depot. C. B. RIDDICK,
apl 4-d3t Kittrell's, N. C.

HEADQ'RS RESERVE N. C.,
RALEIGH, April 4, 1865.
CIRCULAR.
The authority heretofore delegated in General Orders from these Headquarters, to Surgeons in charge of Hospitals, to grant furloughs of twenty-one (21) days to members of the Reserve forces, is hereby revoked. Hereafter Reserves will be furloughed from hospital in the same manner as other soldiers similarly situated.
By order of Lt. Gen. HOLMES:
GRAHAM DAVES,
apl 5-d3t Aid-de-Camp.
Conservative, Western Democrat, Salisbury Watchman, Greensboro Citizen, copy 3 times

PROVOST MARSHAL'S OFFICE,
RALEIGH, N C., April 3d, 1865,
CIRCULAR
I. General Johnston having directed that no passports shall be required from this office, to persons travelling on the trains leaving this city, notice is hereby given to all concerned, that officers and soldiers will travel on their furloughs, details and orders, while civilians will be required, when within the ages of conscription, to show their exemption papers.
II. A guard will be established, in charge of a commissioned officer, on each train leaving this city.
III. All other regulations, heretofore in force, are continued in their operation; and no provision of this Circular is to be construed so as to revoke any order referring to else than the system of railroad passports.
By order Col. Com. Post:
BENJ. ROBINSON,
apl 4-dtf Capt. and Provost Marshal.
Conservative copy 1 week.

AUCTION!
Will be sold, on Friday 7th inst., twenty-five public animals, Horses and Mules, suitable for farming purposes, at the Baptist Grove lot—sale to commence at 12 o'clock.
H. R. HOOPER,
apl 4-d3t Maj. and Chief Q. M. N. C.
Conservative copy 2 times

FABER'S PENCILS.
50 doz. Faber's Lead Pencils,
For sale by A. R RAVEN,
apl 4-d2t Raleigh, N. C.

FOR SALE,
50 bales Cotten and 3600 pounds Bacon, payable in Bank money. Address BOX 26,
apl 3-d8t Gaston, N. C.

EXCHANGE HOTEL.
From this date, until further notice, owing to the difficulty of obtaining supplies, LODGINGS, without MEALS, can be furnished at the Exchange Hotel, Raleigh, N. C.
WM. H. CUNNINGGIM,
April 3d, 1865 d5t* Proprietor.

FOR SALE.
Two very desirable residences in the city of Raleigh; one, a large two story house with an acre of land attached—all necessary out houses, and a delightful well of water. The other, a smaller, nice cottage dwelling with four rooms, good kitchen and garden attached.
For further information apply at this office.
mar 30-dtf

FOR SALE.
The house, known as Spirit of the Age office, with gas fixtures attached. Apply at this office.
mar 30-dtf.

FOR SALE.
One hundred acres of well timbered land within six miles of the city of Raleigh. Apply at this office.
mar 30-dtf

FOR SALE.
Five Shares in the N. C. Christian Advocate company. Apply at this office.
mar 30 dtf

HDQ'RS 3D REG'T RESERVES NORTH CAROLINA,
HOKE'S DIVISION, HARDEE'S CORPS,
March 25th, 1865.
All members of the 4th, 7th and 8th Battalions Reserve N. C., (now composing the 3d Regiment) who were captured at Fort Fisher, and paroled before the 1st of March, have been declared exchanged and will immediately rejoin their Regiment, wherever it may be, or be considered and dealt with as deserters.
JNO. W. HINSDALE,
mar 29-dtf Colonel Comd'g.
Greensboro Patriot and Salisbury Watchman copy two weeks.

WANTED.
8 No. 1 Mules, for which I will pay good prices.
Apply to M. McMAHON,
mar 27-d12t* Halifax, N. C.

$2,000 REWARD!
Broke the Jail of Granville county on Sunday night the 19th inst., and escaped, WILLIAM and HENDERSON, slaves of James Cooper, who were confined under sentence of death for Rape.
WILLIAM is a black, thick heavy boy, about 25 years old, full face; about 5 feet 8 inches high.
HENDERSON is dark brown, low, heavy built, about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high; about 23 years old.
I will pay Two Thousand dollars for their apprehension and delivery to me, or confined in any jail so I can get them, or one thousand for either.
W. A PHILPOTT, Sheriff
of Granville county.
Oxford, N. C., March 24, 1865.
mar 27-d12t.

CLOCKS! CLOCKS!! CLOCKS!!
Repaired by an experienced workmen at moderate prices. My room at J. Kinsey's, on west side of Fayetteville street, between the Court House and the Governor's Palace
apl 1 d3t SAMUEL DUTY.

LEFT,
By a negro boy, on the 15th of March, in Dr. Jno. Shackelford stables, in the town of Franklinton, N. C., a small black Mare, 5 feet high and about 9 years old. The boy we think left on the first train of cars—we have not heard of him since. The owner will come forward, prove the nag, pay charges and take her away, or she will be sold, in the town of Franklinton, at public auction, on the 15th day of April, 1865; this the 1st April, 1865. S. D. BEVES.
apl 3 d3t.

NOTICE.
About the 1st of March we delivered to a gentleman 2 packages marked A. W. Eskridge and, by mistake, a carret bag marked S. C. Ethridge, containing several articles of clothing and a silver cup, marked M. E. E. The gentleman to whom we delivered these articles will please return the carpet bag, and much oblige
A. P. BRYAN, Agent
apl 3-d12t for Southern Ex. Co.

I Will leave Hillsboro' on the 5th of April for the Army of Northern Virginia, by way of Danville.
Conservative, Standard, Hillsboro Recorder, and Greensboro Patriot please copy.
W. A. THOMPSON.

VACANT OFFICE.
The Post Office at Forestville is now vacant. Any one desiring the situation will apply with good recommendation to J. L. DUNN,
mar 24-d3t Late P. M.

MALE TEACHER WANTED.
A gentleman, exempt from military service, well qualified to teach Latin Higher Mathematics, Chemistry and Natural Philosophy, can, by furnishing suitable testimonials, hear of a good situation in the school of the Misses Nash, and Miss Kollock,
mar 13-dtf Hillsboro' N. C.

WANTED,
A governess to take charge of five little girls. One who can teach Latin, French and Music, with the English Branches.
Apply at this Office.
mar 10-dtf

FOR SALE,
Two fine saddle Horses and one Mule for sale.
Apply at this Office.
mar 10-dtf

RALEIGH AMBULANCE COMMITTEE.
A few more volunteers are wanted to complete the organization of this Committee; also, lint, bandages and delicacies for the sick and wounded. Those wishing to join this Committee, or to contribute to its supplies, will report to day to
mar 7-dtf P. F. PESCUD.

FOR RENT.
A large and desirable residence within a mile of the city of Raleigh, with 300 acres of land attached. Apply to Dr. JOYNER,
Yarbrough House,
jan 31-dtf Raleigh, N. C.
State Journal copy.

LOST VALUABLES.
Three Gold Watches and other valuables, were stolen from the residence of Mrs. John P. Bell, Fairfield, S. C., by the Yankees. The thieves were afterwards killed and the stolen property which they had in their possession recaptured. These stolen articles have been in the possession of some of our soldiers. This advertisement is therefore inserted, in the hope that it may meet the eye of whoever may have them in possession.
One of the Watches is of large size, marked in the inside case "Jane A. Boyd;" attached to this is a hair chain, marked on one end "M. B. C.," on the other end "J. B. B.," to which is suspended a medallion with two likenesses (a young lady and a boy), a seal marked "J. B. B.," and a key with a white stone.
Another is a small (lady's) Watch, with gold chain attached, suspended to which is a medallion containing a gentleman's ambrotype, a watch key with mosaic sett, and a cross.
The other Watch is of medium size, double case. To this is attached a gentleman's gold chain.
The other stolen property consists of one silver cup or mug, marked "A. H. Bell," 1 doz. silver forks, marked "J. A. B.," and 1 doz. table spoons and 1 doz. tea spoons (all silver) marked "J. H. C." Two handsome cameo sets of jewelry were also taken at the same time.
Any one leaving these articles with Jas. A. Houston, Greensboro, N. C., Charles E. Bell, Pineville, N. C., James Hemphill, Chester S. C., or Wm. Caldwell, Hazelwood, Chester District, S. C., will receive the price asked for them.
Surely our brave defenders are willing to return the property thus captured, which is endeared to the ladies from whom it was stolen by associations of the happy past, and which can only be valued by others for the money it will bring, and that the ladies are perfectly willing to give.
mar 31-d6t

THE CHURCH INTELLIGENCER,
DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF THE
PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH IN THE CONFEDERATE STATES,
is now published by the
PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH PUBLISHING ASSOCIATION IN CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA.
REV. F. M. HUBBARD, D. D., REV. G. M. EVERHART, A. M., } EDITORS.
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION—CASH IN ADVANCE:
For two months.....$5.00
For four months.....10.00
For six months.....15.00
For eight months.....20.00
*** For Army or Hospital distribution, a deduction of twenty-five per cent.
*** All communications should be addressed, Church Intelligencer, Charlotte, N. C."
nov 1-d2t

DR. B. F. ARRINGTON has removed his office from the Exchange Hotel, to his residence, on Hillsboro Street.
mar 27-dtf.

EXCHANGE NOTICE NO. 14.
RICHMOND. March 4. 1865.
ALL Confederate officers and men who were delivered at Savannah or Charleston during the months of November and December last, are hereby declared to be exchanged.
All Confederate officers and men who were delivered in James River, Virginia, at any time before March 1st, 1865, are hereby declared to be exchanged.
ROBERT OULD,
mar 22-d6t Agent of Echange.

RALEIGH, N. C.,
MARCH 27, 1865.
All parties holding claims against the Transportation Q. M. Department, Wilmington, N. C., up till the 22d of February last, will please present them, at once, to me for settlement by certified accounts. J. B. GRAINGER.
mar 29-dot Capt. and A. Q. M.

NOTICE.
Lost, on the morning of the 28th of March, 1865, my Pocket Book, containing about $1500 in Confederate money and about $50 in bank bills also some notes of hand. The book is a large leather one, about eight inches long. I will give a liberal reward for its return to this office.
mar 30-dtf JAS. L. RICHMOND.

WANTED,
By the Ordnance Department, at Greensboro', N. C., five or six able bodied negro men. The highest government wages will be allowed and good care taken of them.
LT. JNO. M. PAYNE,
Ordnance Officer,
mar 28 d6t Greensboro', N. C.

ADOLPH COHN
WHOLESALE TOBACCO,
AUCTION AND COMMISSION HOUSE,
GOLDSBORO', N. C.
*** Liberal advances made on consignments.
REFER TO
A. T. Jerkins, Pres't Bank of Commerce, Company Shops; P. V. Daniels, Sr., Pres't R. F. & P. R. R. Co., Richmond, Va; McDaniel & Irby, Lynchburg, Va. jan 9 d3m*

$2000 REWARD.
LOST or taken by mistake, a box marked "Maj. S. V. Reid, Wilmington." Any information in regard to it which will enable us to recover it, or any one leaving it at the Express Office will receive the above reward, and no questions asked.
A. P. C. BRYAN,
Agent Southern Express Company.
jan 18-dtf

A LARGE FARM TO RENT IN CASWELL COUNTY.
On Monday 13th day of February next I will rent, at my residence in Caswell County, thirteen miles southwest of Yanceyville, fifteen miles north of Company Shops on the N. C. R. R., and thirteen miles southeast of Ruffin Depot, on the Piedmont R. R., my large and well improved plantation, containing six hundred acres of land. It is well adapted to the growth of corn, wheat, oats, tobacco and other productions incident to this climate. It has a meadow on it which produces 50,000 pounds of excellent hay—mostly herds grass.
On it is a large two story dwelling with five rooms and portico in front; also a good garden, convenient well, negro houses, two large barns with sheds and all necessary outhouses. It is enclosed with fences in good repair. It is large enough to work on it to advantage 15 hands.
Address the undersigned at Anderson's Store, N. C. JOSEPH PHENIX.
jan 30-dtf.

HIDES! HIDES!!
The undersigned returns his acknowledgements for the extensive patronage he has heretofore received at the hands of the people; and earnestly solicits a continuance thereof. Owing to the high prices of oil and tallow, I am compelled to "change my base," and will in future tan all hides for one third; which will be sold at the market price. Tanning done for indigent soldiers free of charge as heretofore, and those able to pay, can get their hides tanned at 50 cents per pound.
All persons who have hides in my yard will be informed when their leather is ready.
J. ROBT. JEFFREYS,
nov 18-tf Pacific P. O., R. & G. R. R.

NEGRO AUCTION AND COMMISSION HOUSE.
ON THE FIRST DAY OF JANUARY next at the Store formerly occupied by C. W. D. Hutchings, on Fayetteville street, in the city of Raleigh, the subscribers will establish an
AUCTION AND COMMISSION HOUSE for the sale of SLAVES.
We have provided SAFE and COMFORTABLE quarters, and will be as moderate in our charges for board, &c., as the times will permit.
With an experience of twenty years in the trade, and the advantages of an extensive acquaintance, we flatter ourselves that we understand the business; and, with the assurance of quick sales and prompt returns, respectfully solicit public patronage.
dec 19 dtf. W. F. ASKEW & CO.

SELECT SCHOOL.
At the residence of W. H. Finch by
feb 2-dtf MISS. M. W. FINCH.

ROSIN OIL.
200 Bbls. Lubricating Oils.
80 " Superior Tanners Oil.
40 " Paint Oil.
Deliverable at Egypt, Chatham county, or at Fayetteville. Y. S. LUTTERLOH.
mar 7-dtf

N. C. POWDER MANUFACTURING COMPANY.
An experienced person, capable of taking the place of Foreman, can get employment in the Mills of the above Company. Satisfactory recommendations will be required.
S. W. DAVIS, Pres't.
Feb 17 dtf Charlotte, N. C.

COPAL VARNISH.
The undersigned are now engaged in manufacturing Copal and Couch Varnish. Copal at $30 per gallon, and Coach at $50 per gallon.
Orders solicited
J. H. WILSON, Jr., & CO.,
Feb 17-dtf Charlotte, N. C.

IRON! IRON!
The Rockville Mining and Manufacturing Co. are making Iron of the best quality for plantation purposes, and will exchange the same with farmers and others for scrap Iron, negro-labour and provisions—Iron now ready for delivery at the works in Chatham County. We can also deliver in Raleigh or at any of the Stations on the Raleigh & Gaston or N. C. Railroads. Address the undersigned at Raleigh, or W. S. Downer Sup't Egypt, Chatham County. We will now receive orders for Car Wheels, Locomotive tires and heavy castings. W. J. HAWKINS,
dec. 28-d-tf. Prest. L. M. & M. Co.

$100 REWARD.
Was taken at the Depot on Friday night last, on the arrival of the Western train, a Lady's BONNET-BOX. From the top and one side of the Box the leather had been torn, leaving the wood exposed. On delivery of said Box, with its contents, at the CONFEDERATE OFFICE, the above reward will be immediately paid, and no questions asked. jan 28-dtf

DAILY CONFEDERATE.
ADVERTISING.
ADVERTISEMENTS will be inserted at [illegible] DOLLARS per square of ten lines (or less) for each insertion. Marriage notices and Obituaries will be charged as advertisements.
JOB WORK of every description will be executed at this office, with dispatch, and as cheap as can be done in the Southern Confederacy.

COMMITTED TO JAIL.
Taken up and committed to the jail of Wake county, the following negroes, to wit:
Isaac, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, black, about 24 years old, and says he belongs to Maj. Fickland.
Preston, about 6 feet high, 18 years old, of bright color, and belongs to Phillip Richardson.
Stephen, about 5 feet high, 17 years old, black color, and belongs to Patterson Hopston.
Ebenezer, 5 feet 11 inches high, 28 years old, black, and belongs to Major Fickland.
Hardy, about 5 feet high, 19 years old, black, and says he belongs to James Murphy.
Addison, about 6 feet high, 19 or 20 years old, says he belongs to Harrison Pope.
Mack, 5 feet 6 inches high, 25 years old, and says he belongs to James Gay, of Anson co., N. C.
A boy, who says his name is David Alford, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, about 45 years old, (appears to be foolish) and says he don't know who he belongs to.
The owners of said negroes are requested to come forward, pay charges prove property, and take them away, or they will be dealt with according to law. W. H. HIGH,
Raleigh March 22. dtf Sheriff.

OFFICER'S SERVANT LOST!
"Tom," mulatto servant, of an officer commanding a Battalion of detailed men, was separated from him in the retreat from Fayetteville, N. C. Any officer or soldier in General Hardee's command, or elsewhere, who may have 'picked up' such a straggler will do the advertiser a favor by directing him to report at Provost Marshal's Office, Raleigh, N. C., where he will be directed to his master. mar 25-d2t*

A MILLER WANTED,
To take charge of the Grist and Saw Mill, belonging to the Estate of the late Wilson W. Whitaker. An applicant may get a good situation by addressing MRS. WILSON W. WHITAKER,
mar 10-dtf 3 miles north of Raleigh.

OFFICE CHIEF Q. M. DIST. OF NORTH CAROLINA.
RALEIGH, March 7th, 1865.
Wanted, immediately, fifty negro mules for teamsters. Apply at this office.
H. R. HOOPER,
Maj. & Chief Q. M.,
mar 8-d7t District of N. C.

THE KNITTING CLUB WILL meet on Wednesday, March 8th, at the residence of Mrs. L. Bryan, at 3 o'clock, p. m.
mar 7-dtd

CONFEDERATE STATES DEPOSITORY,
RALEIGH, N. C March 2, 1865.
Notice is hereby given, that for the present, the interest due January 1st 1865, on all certificates of indebtedness of the Confederate States of America, payable in North Carolina, will be paid at this office on presentation of said certificates.
Conservative, Progress and Standard, Greensboro Patriot, Goldsboro State Journal, Fayetteville Observer, Salisbury Watchman, and Charlotte Bulletin, will insert each six times and send duplicate accounts to this office.
C. B. HARRISON,
mar 3-d6t Depository.

$100 REWARD.
Stolen from the stable of the undersigned, in Orange county, on the night of the 20th ult., near Durham's Station, one BAY HORSE four years old this Spring, with black legs mane and tail, a small white speck on his back, caused by being galded with a plow saddle, and has shoes on all around.
The above reward will be given to any person that will deliver said Horse to me at Durham's or put me in possession of any information so that I can get the said horse.
mar 3-d6t WM. A. COX.

B. F. POWELL,
AUCTION AND COMMISSION HOUSE,
WARRENTON, N. C.
*** Strict attention given to the sale of all kinds of Merchandise, Negroes, Stock, &c., &c.
REFER TO
W. B. Hamilton & Son, Mobile; J. W. Carroll, formerly of New Orleans; R. A. Hamilton, Petersburg, Va.; Bacon & Baskerville, Richmond, Va.: Creech & Litchford, Raleigh, N. C.
jan 9 dtf

SOLDIERS' CLAIMS.
The undersigned having been appointed "Commissioner to investigate, collect and distribute Claims of Deceased Soldiers," gives notice that after the 20th inst., he will be prepared to furnish the blanks whereby the wives, children, executors, or administrators of deceased soldiers may have their claims placed in proper form to be filled in the Auditor's office in Richmond, and will use every effort in his power to have the same promptly paid.
Persons applying for blanks must forward a 20 cent postage stamp (or two 10 cent bills) to prepay the postage on the same.
A Register of all claims will be kept, and at any time the state of a claim may be ascertained.
HENRY E. COLTON,
Fayetteville, N. C.
feb 25-dtf

OFFICIAL.

HEADQUARTERS POST,
Raleigh, N. C. March 15th, 1865
GENERAL ORDER No. 1.

I. Capt. Benj. Robinson has been assigned to duty at this Post, as Provost Marshal; and will be obeyed and respected accordingly.

II. Officers arriving at this Post will register their names, rank, commands, and authority for absence, at the Provost Marshal's office.

III. All persons leaving the city will be required to have passports from the Provost Marshal's office.

IV. A Camp of Direction will be established at this Post; and officers and soldiers found in the city who are without proper authority will be sent there to be forwarded to thier commands.

By order
F. M. PARKER,
Col. Comd'g Post.
T. C. JAMES, Adj't.

HEADQUARTERS POST,
Raleigh, March 15th, 1865.
CIRCULAR
The following classification embraces only the officers and men allowed to remain within the City of Raleigh.

I. All officers and men properly assigned or detailed for duty within the limits of the City.

II. All officers and men on leaves of absence or furloughs properly granted whose such leave of absence or furloughs have not expired.

III. All officers of the Quartermaster, Commissary and Ordnance Departments and their properly authorised agents here on business with their departments, when such officers or agents have been sent here either by their Corps Commanders or by the General Commanding.

IIII. All other officers and men except those heretofore mentioned are ordered immediately to Smithfield. By order
F M PARKER,
Co.. Comd'g Post.
T. C. JAMES, Adj't. mar 16-tf.

DAILY CONFEDERATE.

D. K. McRAE, Editor.

All letters on business of the Office, to be directed to A. M. GORMAN & CO.

FRIDAY, APRIL 7, 1865.

The *Conservative* occasionally seems to fall into very mysterious hands and to come under the control of an incomprehensible influence. On the day before yesterday that paper availed itself of a period of extreme reverse and disaster, to renew the attempt to cast odium on a portion of our own citizens, which has been a favorite policy, with its political leaders, ever since the reverses began; and after it was no longer politic to claim that they 'made the revolution.' Yesterday it sends to the public a leader of still more extraordinary import. From what we comprehend of it, it seems to be a distinct proposition *to submit and surrender upon the terms proposed by Lincoln.* This has never yet, that we recollect of, been more distinctly proposed, even by journals whose loyalty has been called in question. The *Conservative* says, *"it is nonsense to propose to treat with the north with any expectation of the concession that the Confederacy is a government,"* and hence, says the *Conservative*, "if our authorities are determined to force this condition upon the north, as a basis of negotiation, then the north will never negotiate." What is this but surrender, not only surrender, but an assertion to the world, that the defence of the last four years has been of a position, which is one of sheer nonsense, one which the north "never could admit?" We have not seen in this controversy, so bold and unconditional a justification of the northern invasion, for, if we sought to force a claim, inconsistent with reason, and to demand an "admission" which "is an absurdity in anything like *government*," and the north only resisted such claim and refused such admission, then we are in the wrong, and the Yankee Government is right, and the writer of the article, to which we are replying, does well when he advises Gen. Lee, not to "block up his way at the threshold, by presenting a basis to which he knows the enemy will not yield," but, "to meet him on his own ground," as "the only way to open the negotiation."—When we remember what *"his own ground"* is, upon which the *Conservative* proposes to meet the enemy, we may readily understand how much it is prepared to concede. *"His own ground"* measured the length of three propositions. Submission to the laws and constitution of the United States, the laying down of our arms, and acquiescence in Lincoln's proclamations. This is the *ground* on which the author of the editorial desires Gen. Lee to meet Lincoln, and "secure a talk about peace." We have no idea, that Gov. Vance will support this idea, but it is very unfortunate that, now in the very moment, when everything should be said to uphold the hopes and confidence of the army and people, such sentiments should obtain publication in the organ of the Governor.

Rumors.

This is the time for rumor manufacturers who are engaged in a wholesale business.—Sometimes they have it that whole brigades deserted in the last great battle; amongothers, Cook's brigade is selected as the bearer of this stigma. We are assured that such a statement has no foundation, whatever; that no treachery induced the disaster at Petersburg, that our forces fought splendidly, and the enemy only succeeded by overwhelming numbers. We are convinced too, from facts which we cannot mention, that Lee's army is in a safe position, and that his future movements will be directed with the skill and energy which distinguish this great Captain.

Having anticipated the probable loss of Richmond, and fully recognizing the importance of the disaster, we are, nevertheless, not of the number of those who give up the cause. In the Southern Confederacy, this day, there is military strength of men, material and supplies to make independence certain. It is with the *people themselves*, whether they secure or lose their liberties.

Union Men.

We do not mean to exaggerate in this matter, but we are credibly informed that the treatment of the Yankees of those who claim to be Union men, is a little worse than of the loyal Confederates. In Robeson county, we hear that Col. Morrisey was pointed out to them as one of these, with a view to save him. They replied that they had had enough of d——d cowardice in South Carolina, and they treated him as roughly as any one. In Greene, Mr. Patrick has been a principal sufferer, and that others who held a meeting and sent a deputation, had their commissioners put in the guard-house, while they were robbed; and we are informed that wherever they go, there is a revival for the Confederacy. We look to see armies yet arise to *revenge* the bitter wrongs which they are heaping indiscriminately upon our people.

Mr. Colton's Idea of "Not Much Harm."

We understand that the enemy while near Fayetteville, went to the house of Colin McRae, Esq., a venerable old citizen of 92 years of age, who was helpless and blind, and they robbed and plundered him of all he had, taking even his very clothes. To such extent did they carry their depredations, that his son, Mr. Rhoderick McRae, was obliged to search for scattered corn in order to obtain food to live upon.

Yet Mr. Colton tells upon the street that the enemy inflicted no great damage.

Our market, on the arrival of the Weldon train, on yesterday, became overstocked with shad; they went off slowly at $50, per pair.

The Battle of Petersburg.

An officer who left Richmond at nine o'clock on Monday morning last, informs us that at the time he left, the city was in flames from Cary to Canal streets. The Sneckoe warehouse and other entrepots of supplies were burning. The bridges also had been fired.

No mob or violence of any kind had occurred up to the period when he left, so that the reports of a destructive mob on Sunday night are untrue. The enemy's cavalry entered the city as the train moved off that he came out in. The story of the mob therefore we hope is entirely erroneous.

This officer describes the fighting on Saturday as terriffic beyond description. The enemy forced column after column on our works lapping our lines on the extreme right. They came nine columns deep. Eight lines faltered and were broken by the obstinacy of our defences, but the ninth broke over our forces like a whirlwind. He says the destruction of the enemy was immense. Our loss we think consisted mainly in the prisoners taken by the enemy. All the prisoners whom we captured were drunk, having been prepared according to Yankee tactics for this dreadful ordeal.—Lt. Gen. A. P. Hill was certainly killed.—Gen. Fitz. Lee was not killed as reported, nor Gen. W. H. F. Lee. No General officer from North Carolina was killed as far as he heard. On Monday Sheridan attacked Fitz. Lee and was handsomely repulsed.

The sick and wounded soldiers in Raleigh gratefully acknowledge the reception of two wagon loads of hospital supplies, contributed by the ladies of Franklinton and vicinity — These supplies were brought to Raleigh and distributed by Mrs. Ellis, Mrs. Tucker and Mrs. Henly.

They also return their profound thanks, for articles of food, amounting to nearly ten thousand dollars worth, contributed by the citizens of Henderson, Brassfields, Franklinton and Forrestville. These articles were brought to Raleigh by Rev. W. M. Wingate, and Dr. Vann. We learn from the persons who have so generously remembered the suffering soldiers, that, societies have been formed, for the relief of our sick and wounded and it is their purpose to forward supplies every week.

For the information of others who may wish to aid in this good work we subjoin a list of the articles sent:

Flour, dried apples and peaches, sweet potatoes, fowls—dressed and cooked—cakes, pies, preserves, pickles, bread, biscuit, crackers, milk, butter, eggs, molasses, vinegar, pepper, wine, mustard, sausage, sugar, tea, spices, soap, &c.

We have heard with much sorrow, that, Dr. Jno. C. Williams, of Cumberland Co., died on the 5th inst., at the residence of Mr. Turner Pullen, in this county. Dr. Williams, with his wife and children, was at the time of his death a refugee from a section of country in which Sherman's vandals committed many barbarous outrages. He died of disease of the lungs.

For the Confederate.

The sick and wounded patients in Wards Belvin and Wyatt, Pettigrew Hospital, take this method of expressing their gratitude to Mrs. Pinkham, Miss. Partridge and other ladies, for the kind attention bestowed upon them, while disabled from duty, and isolated from their friends.

Notwithstanding the enemy's triumphant march through Georgia and the Carolinas, the fall of Savannah, Columbia, Charleston, Wilmington, Fayetteville and other *quasi* captures and victories, gained by him, in various parts of the Confederacy, he is compelled to pause and view his work of destruction with little satisfaction, if not with feelings of disgrace and chagrin. He finds, after all that the brave people whom he would reduce to beggary, will not be reduced: He finds that the people whom he thought to conquer by overrunning their territory will not be conquered: He finds that the people whom he considered just ready to yield up their cause and submit to his arrogant demands will not yield or submit but are more attached to their cause than ever. He is annoyed at the audacity of a people whom he thought were already reduced to such straits as to make further resistance suicidal, if not a crime against humanity,—when he sees them bidding defiance to every hardship and danger and coming forth with renewed energies to do and dare and suffer in defense of a cause, which the manly defend with their lives, their blood and treasure as the only palladium of freemen. And well may he stand amazed; for they have heard the terms of the ape, and they spurn them with the contempt they merit. They are not dogs or slaves that they should accept dishonor rather than graves of glory. The capture of the cities, above named, is nothing. Southerners fight not for bricks and mortar. They fight for liberty, for the honor of their wives, and the protection of their children; and they will win or die. Let the Northman stand amazed, he has a mortal foe with deadly steel in hand to combat him, at every point. Fight he must, and fight to kill, for *he can never conquer*, no, never, never.—*Salisbury Watchman.*

Serious Accident.—The Hon. D. M. Barringer, met with a serious accident near this place Friday night last. He was on the Eastern train which arrived here 10½ o'clock at night. The train stopped about a quarter of a mile from the depot; and as it was understood there was an obstruction on the track which would prevent its reaching the depot for some time, Mr Barringer, with many others, got off to walk to town. He had gone but a few steps when he fell into an open rock culvert, some eight feet deep, breaking his thigh bone a little below the hip joint, and badly bruising his knee. He was immediately lifted out and conveyed to the residence of Col. J. A. Bradshaw, where he is now doing well, though from the nature of his injuries, it must be some days before it can be said he is comfortable.—*Salisbury Watchman.*

McAbone writes to the New York Weekly Review that he has discovered a tallow mine. To the objection that Geologists may say that this is an impossibility, he replies, "What would they have said of an oil well ten years ago?"

The Evacuation of Richmond.

From the Danville *Register* of the 6th, we gather the subjoined items of news, connected with the recent evacuation of Richmond:

FROM RICHMOND.

Persons who left the capital Sunday night and Monday morning, represent that the scene which followed the evacuation of the city by our troops, beggars all description. To preserve order and protect the property of the citizens who unavoidably remained there, as far as could be done, the 19th Va. Militia under Col. Evans, was placed on police duty in the city, to await the coming of the enemy; but accounts state that they failed to render any aid or protection to the people whatever. On Sunday night a mob of the lower classes of the city composed, it is said, mostly of the foreign element, visited a number of the largest store-houses of the city and robbed them of their contents. It is affirmed that Main street was pillaged, and then burned, and that some of the milling establishments were also committed to the flames. We have no doubt that a considerable portion of that brave city has been laid in ashes, and a number of its people insulted, outraged, robbed and massacred. How painful the thought that the place should be given over to rapine and plunder even before the public enemy entered its limits! But the fact only proves that the people of Richmond have had secret enemies in their own midst scarcely less savage and even more treacherous and vindictive than the open foe.

We are told that the people handed together, during the violent proceeding of the mob, and resisted them with force, a street fight ensuing in which several persons were killed.

No intelligence has reached us of the enemy's troops occupying the city. The last trains on the Danville railroad which came out of the place left Monday morning, and passengers upon them had heard nothing from the enemy. The greater portion of Grant's army was transferred to the south-side of James river some days ago, only the command of Gen. Ord, which is composed mostly, if not, entirely, of negro troops, being left on the north side. This command will enter and occupy the city. Some of our people who are acquainted with the character of Gen. Ord, think they have reason to hope that his treatment of the unfortunate people of Richmond will not be so hard and cruel and inhuman, as that which has fallen upon the heads of our fellow citizens in some other captured cities.

The newspapers of Richmond, we suppose, all fell into the hands of the enemy. The evacuation of the city, was so sudden and unexpected—scarcely any one being prepared for it—that no time was left for the removal of so cumbrous an establishment as a city newspaper office. In a few days we may expect to hear that the Enquirer or the Whig or the Examiner is issued as a Yankee paper.

All the rolling stock of the Richmond and Danville railroad, in running order, was saved, on the retreat from Richmond. A few old cars, not in a moveable condition, were left at Manchester. No trains were captured by the enemy near the Junction, as was at one time reported; and indeed we do not believe that any body of Yankees had struck the road, at any point, up to yesterday evening.

The Secretary of War, the Quartermaster General, Commissary General and a number of other officers of the Government, left Richmond on horseback, and will probably arrive at this place to-morrow.

Should Gen. Lee establish his lines east of the Junction, we suppose the State Legislature will be convened at Lynchburg.

THE STATE BANKS, &c.

All the specie and other valuables belonging to the Banks in Richmond were removed from the city on Sunday, and have been carried to places of safety.

A considerable amount of goods purchased by the State, for distribution to the people, we regret to learn, had to be left behind.—Also the State archives remained in the city, but we perceive no motive the enemy can have in destroying them, as they will, no doubt, endeavor to occupy the city permanently and establish a State Government at Richmond under the Federal Union.

Encouraging Reminiscence.

When Napoleon, at twenty-six years of age took command of the Army of Italy, says the *Dispatch*, that army consisted of four effective divisions, under the command of Generals Massena, Augureau, La Harpe and Serrurier, each mustering about seven thousand men.—The cavalry only numbered about three thousand more, and was in the most miserable plight imaginable. The draught horses had perished for want, and nothing remained for the transport of artillery but about two hundred mules. The supply of bread was scanty and uncertain, distributions of meat had long ceased, the soldiers were in rags and many of them shoeless, and the finances of the Republic were at so low an ebb that, with all the exertions of the Directory only ten thousand dollars could be raised in specie to enable the young General to undertake the conquest of Italy. It is mentioned as an instance of the poverty of the public treasury that an order, signed by Berthier, has been preserved, in which a gratuity of twenty dollars is ordered to be distributed to each of the generals

The small, ragged, unpaid army of thirty thousand Frenchmen was confronted by upwards of eighty thousand of the enemy, consisting of about sixty thousand Austrians, commanded by the famous veteran, Borieau, and twenty thousand Sardinians, under Celle, besides eight or ten thousand Neapolitans.—On reviewing the troops, Napoleon thus addressed them: "Soldiers, you are naked and hungry; the Republic owes you much; but she has not the means of paying her debts.—The constancy and courage you have shown in the midst of these rocks are admirable; but they win you no glory. I am come to lead you into the most fertile plains in the world, where rich provinces, Edmd great cities are at your disposal. There you will find wealth, honor, glory. Soldiers of Italy, will you not be wanting in fidelity and valor?"

What those thirty thousand ragged Frenchmen achieved is indellibly engraved on the pages of history. Are the Confederate armies reduced to such straits as the armies of Italy when it marched to the conquest of Europe? Have we any such odds to encounter? Can they not fight in defence of life, liberty, property and honor, as well as those Frenchmen in a war of invasion?

A Parish letter says there are now five young kings, or heirs to kingdoms, unprovided with wives, to-wit: The king of Bavaria, the king of Greece, the Prince Humbert, of Italy, the Prince of Orange, eldest son of the king of Holland, and the Grand Duke Nicholas, eldest son and heir of the Emperior of Russia. The latter, however, is going to marry the Princess Dagmar, of Denmark, sister of the Prince of Wales.

Public Meeting.

At a meeting of a portion of the citizens of Macon county, at the Court House in Franklin, on the 18th March, 1865, J. R. Siler was appointed Chairman and J. L. Moore Secretary.

On motion C D. Smith, J. L. Moore, W. H. Higdon, T. M. Angel, and John Ammons, were appointed a committee to prepare business for the action of the meeting. After a short absence, the committee, through their Chairman, reported the following preamble and resolutions:

Whereas, a proper and praise-worthy effort has been made by the authorities of the Confederate Government to negotiate with the authorities of the Federal Government for the termination of the present war and an honorable peace; And whereas, the said authorities of the Federal Government have refused to negotiate upon any other terms than an unconditional surrender on the part of the Confederates; And whereas, the said Federal authorities have refused to negotiate with any of the Confederate States separately; And whereas such refusal to negotiate with any of the States separately, indicates and implies a fixed purpose on the part of the Federal Government abrogate State constitutions and State laws, by which we hold all real estate, and indeed all species of property, and by which we have guaranteed to us life, liberty and property; And whereas, the Congress of the Federal Government have passed a resolution protesting against the Government entertaining any proposition, or compromise, or terms either directly or indirectly, short of unconditional submission by the Confederates; whereas, a portion of the religious press in the Federal States has anathematized the efforts made to negotiate for peace, claiming that the people of South have been delivered over by God to the people of the North for destruction.—Therefore,

Resolved, That the fate assigned us by the Federal Government, its agents and people, is more cruel than the Pagans and Barbarians of antiquity assigned to the conquered in their times, is wholly incompatible with a state of civilization and christianity, and is one to which a free and spirited people ought not to submit.

Resolved, That in the name of God and religion; in the name of humanity and justice, and in the name of the tears and sobs of helpless children and outraged innocence, we will, rather than submit to such terms, resist to the last extremity, this cruel foe.

Resolved, That in the name of all that is dear, we beseech all absentees from their commands to return without delay, and in the name and strength of God drive back a foe whose intention it is to place upon them and their posterity a slavery more oppressive than any yet ever known to men born to freedom.

Resolved, That, we the people of Macon county, offer our most sincere congratulations to our soldiers who remain in the field, and on all occasions chastise the foe, for which they deserve the sympathies and prayers of all good people.

Resolved, That we admire the courage and commend the fidelity of his Excellency Gov. Vance, with which he meets the issue between slavery and freedom, and that we pledge him a cordial co-operation.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be sent to the Asheville News for publication, with a request that the Raleigh papers publish the same.

On motion, the meeting adjourned.

J. R. SILER, Chn.

J. L Moore, Sec.

Christ Wounded.

Professors of religion occupy a most delicate and responsible position at all times This responsibility is greatly increased by the peculiar trials which environ the country at the present time. God expects every child of his to do his duty in peace or war—in sunshine or storm. Worldlings—sinners of all grades demand it of them. They fix a high standard of moral purity and integrity for professed christian people, and they watch narrowly into our conduct, and will not fail to charge, in a great measure, the derelictions of professors against christianity itself. The inconsistencies, irregularities and crimes of professors thus stab Christ's cause and he is wounded in the house of his professed friends.

We were deeply mortified some days ago, in conversing with an acquaintance, a young man connected with one of our North Carolina regiments around Petersburg, upon the religious state of the army, to hear him say, that in his Brigade and Regiment, the state of religion was low, and had been much injured by the conduct of professors. He was not a professor of religion himself, but had been reared up in an evangelical Church and had a reverence and respect for religion. He stated that in his regiment there had been at no time more than twenty professors of religion that he knew.—That at one time some of them were zealous and active, holding prayer meetings and religious services, but that nearly all of them had *deserted their colors.* He intimated that the desertion had been more common among professors than among open sinners? We enquired how the Brigade had been supplied with Chaplains. He said badly, at no time had there been more than one Chaplain in the Brigade.

The above is a truly mortifying development. We hope for the honor of Christ's cause, that it is the history of no other regiment. A christian, a deserter! Impossible! A man who deserts from the army, who calls himself a christian, is either an ignorant, deluded person or a hypocrite. It matters not what provocation he has—what may be his views of war, he is a base sinner in the sight of God. A deserter under any circumstances, violates the solemn oath he has taken. He thus shamefully sins against God. He violates his sacred honor or rather has none. He is untrue to his country and to his comrades in arms, and jeopards the life of both. He dishonors his parents, his wife, his friends, and brings shame and ruin upon his children; and if a professor of religion, he brings shame upon the Church of God and wounds Christ. Where desertion exists to any great extent in a regiment that has a Chaplain, it either argues unfaithfulness on the part of the Chaplain, or a lack of the influence he ought to exert over his charge.—*N. C. Chris. Advocate.*

Exchanged Prisoners.—The exchange of prisoners seems to go steadily on. We have seen a large number of our mountain boys, who have reached home after a protracted imprisonment. Among others, we were gratified to meet Brig. Gen'l R B. Vance, who reached home some days since. He looks rather worsted by his long confinement, but as usual with him, is full of life, cheerful and buoyant. The General is a great favorite of the people of this section, and everybody was glad to see him.—*Ash. News.*

The following epitaph may be seen in the cemetery of a parish in the environs of Paris: "Here lies Madame N——, wife of M. N——, master blacksmith. The railing around the tomb was manufactured by her husband."

This war must go on. There is no retreat *now* but in chains and slavery. Submission, even the most abject, will avail us nothing—Armies may be lost, or resources wasted, but these can be reproduced. Spain, at one time, was overrun by French armies, and French garrisons occupied all her towns and cities; yet the French were at last driven out by Spanish guerrillas, and the imperial family restored to the Spanish throne, after an exile of several years. Other instances are not wanting to show that we have never been reduced to the dire extremities which others have suffered and yet attained to that great end—nationality—for which we should sacrifice everything save honor. We may may meet—we *have* met—with serious reverses, but we are *not* whipped.

No, we are *not* whipped. When we have lost armies, resources, everything but honor, then, and not till then, let our epitaph be written—*Mountain Eagle.*

From East Tennessee.—Reports from East Tennessee represent Gen. Thomas, with from fifteen to twenty thousand troops, moving up the country, and repairing the Railroad as they advance. Every indication points to the permanent occupation of the country.—Gen. Thomas' advance had reached Greenville.—*Ash. News.*

DIED,

In Franklin county, at the residence of his grandmother, (Mrs. William Jeffrey's) on the 19th ult., William Henry Austin, late Q. M. Sergeant of the 17th N. C. Regiment, in the 24th year of his age.

Another noble and christian spirit has winged its flight from earth. A delicate constitution threatened with heriditary complaint, did not prevent his volunteering in the army early in '62, and well and faithfully did he discharge the duties of his position. Of morals unexceptionable, of manners engaging, as a friend true, as a son dutiful, he left behind heart stricken parents and sorrowing relatives and friends to mourn the loss of so much promise resigned to the tomb with this good young man. His many friends in Kirkland's Brigade requested his honorable discharge from the service, in September last and heard with sad hearts of his early death. D.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE,

50,000 lbs. Tobacco.

Apply to me, or to my agent Dr. S. G. Ward near Henderson, N. C.

WHARTON J. GREEN,
apl 7-d2t Warren co.

A SUPERIOR ATTICLE OF ADAMANTINE CANDLES,

For sale. J. KINSEY.
apl 7-d2t*

A SMALL LOT OF BACON, HAMS AND SIDES,

For sale. J. KINSEY.
apl 7-d2t*

AUCTION SALE,

On Saturday April 8th, 1865, at 11 o'clock.
Brown Sugar,
Pork,
Bed, Bedsteads and Matrasses,
1 Good Rockaway and Harness,
6 Carts,
3 Ox Carts,
2 Waggons,
1 bale Spun Yarn, Vinegar, Tea, Tobacco, Crockery, &c., &c.,

TUCKER, ANDREWS, & CO
apl 7-d2t.

$1000 REWARD.

Runaway from the subscriber, on Monday the 13th ult., two negro girls, MARGARETT and LUCY, both yellow, and each about four feet seven inches in height.

MARGARETT, has close knappy hair, face round and a little bumpy; voice fine, and converses with considerable intelligence.

LUCY, is of brighter color, thick bushy hair, inclined to be straight, and features heavier than Magarett, and quite intelligent, also.

They both carried off a good assortment of clothing—each having a hat which they are supposed to be wearing. I learn they are passing themselves off as free negroes.

I will give the above reward for their apprehension and delivery to me or for their confinement in any jail where I can get them.

R. W. DANIEL,
apl 7-d3t* Weldon, N. C.

HDQ'RS LOGAN'S CAVALRY BRIGADE,

In the Field, April 4th, 1865.

Deserted from the camp of the 5th S. C. Cavalry, on the night of the 3d of April, 1865, the following named men of companies "A" and "G":

Co "A."	HEIGHT.	AGE.	COMPLEXION.	HAIR.	EYES.	DATE.	WHERE.	PERIOD	BY WHOM.
J J Airs	5 ft 8 in	22	Fair	Light	Blue	Dec 24 '61	Orangeburg	War	Capt. Edwards.
D A Irick	5 10	21	"	"	"	1862	McPhersonville	"	"
J D Rickenbacker	5 8	28	"	"	"	1862	"	"	"
Co "G."									
P Balentine	5 ft 7 in	24	Florid	Light	Blue	Feb 20 '63	Colee Island	War	
H H Flatman	5 10	30	Dark	Dark	Grey	Mar 10 '62	Charleston	"	
J J Smith	6 9	19	"	"	Dark	Feb 20 '62	James Island	"	
J C Welch	5 7	16	Light	Light	Blue	Feb 22 '65	Santee Bridge	"	
E B Welch	5 9	20	"	Dark	Dark	Mar 10 '65	James Island	"	

ENLISTED

A furlough of thirty days will be given immediately to any member of this Brigade, now in South Carolina or *en route* to their company, who shall arrest or cause to be arrested, and placed in jail, any one of these deserters, and a furlough of thirty days for each one so arrested.

Any citizen who shall so arrest any of these men shall receive a furlough of thirty days for any member of this Brigade, designated by him, for each deserter so arrested.

By command Brig. Gen. Logan:

T. A. JEFFORD,
apl 7-d6t. Capt. and A. A. A. Gen.

Salisbury Watchman, Chester Standard and Columbia Carolinian, will please copy for one week and send bill to Maj. C. A. Harding, Quartermaster.

TELEGRAPHIC

REPORTS OF THE PRESS ASSOCIATION

Entered according to act of Congress in the year 1865, by J. S. Thrasher, in the Clerk's office of the District Court of the Confederate States for the Northern District of Georgia.

The President's Address to the People.

Danville, April 5.—The President issued an address this morning, to the people of the Confederacy, in which he says: The General-in-Chief found it necessary to make such movements of his troops as to uncover the capital. It would be unwise to conceal the moral and material injury to our cause, resulting from the occupation of our capital by the enemy. It is equally unwise and unworthy of us, to allow our own energies to falter and our efforts to become relaxed under reverses, however calamitous they may be. For many months, the largest and finest army of the Confederacy under the command of a leader, whose presence inspires equal confidence in the troops and the people, has been greatly trammelled, by the necessity of keeping constant watch over the approaches to the capital, and has thus been forced to forego more than one opportunity for promising enterprise. It is for us my country-men, to show by our bearing, under reverses, how wretched has been the self deception of those who have believed us less able to endure misfortune with fortitude than to encounter danger with courage. We have now entered upon a new phase of the struggle. Relieved from the necessity of guarding particular points, our army will be free to move from point to point, to strike the enemy in detail far from his base. Let us but will it and we are free. Animated by that confidence in spirit and fortitude which never yet failed me, I announce to you, fellow countrymen, that it is my purpose to maintain your cause, with my whole heart and soul. That I will never consent to abandon to the enemy, one foot of the soil of any one of the States of the Confederacy; that Virginia, noble State, whose ancient renown has been eclipsed by her still more glorious, recent history; whose bosom has been bared to receive the main shock of this war, whose sons and daughters have exhibited heroism so sublime as to render her illustrious in all time to come; that, Virginia, with the help of the people, and by the blessings of Providence, shall be held and defended, and no peace ever be made with the infamous invaders of her homes, by the sacrifice of any of her rights or territory. If, by the stress of numbers, we should ever be compelled to a temporary withdrawal from her limits, or those of any other border State, again and again will we return, until the baffled and exhausted enemy shall abandon in despair his endless and impossible task of making slaves of a people resolved to be free. Let us then not despond, my countrymen, but relying on God, let us meet the foe with fresh defiance, and with unconquered and unconquerable hearts.

From the South.

Augusta, April 5.—Western papers of late dates represent the enemy as moving through the interior of Alabama in large force, from points on the Tennessee river. Two divisions are near Montevello, commanded by McCook.

The enemy are in force near Tuscaloosa. Six thousand from Tuscumbia divided at Jasper—one column went to Tuscaloosa and the other towards Montevello. McCook's command was at Elyton on Tuesday, 28th March. He had a large wagon train and artillery; he burned the village of Elyton and Red Mountain Iron works. The enemy have tapped the telegraph line at unknown points and dispatched to Southern offices. Gen. Clanton dispatched to his wife March 28th, that he was wounded seriously, and left by the enemy below Pollard, paroled by the Yankees to report at Bananeas fifth of April. The Clarion of the 27th, states two columns of Yankees advancing on Columbus Mississippi, one from Huntsville reached points thirty-five miles above Columbus, another started from Memphis, four thousand strong well provided with pack mules and well mounted, are in the vicinity of Pontotoc Mississippi. Steamers Gertrude and Natchez collided at the mouth of Spanish river near Mobile at midnight Friday March 31st, the Gertrude sunk in a few minutes cargo valued at two millions, and consisting of provisions, which belonged to citizens who had purchased to supply themselves for the siege of Mobile; total loss. Natches uninjured. Capt. Vernon Lock, of privateer Retribution is in prison at Nassau.

Col. Woolford is relieved of the command at Charleston, and Col. Guerney, of New York, appointed. Woolford issued a parting pun to himself, and congratulations to the negroes, expressing his love and glorification that they had become freedmen, after long loyalty and suffering.

The Savannah Republican of the 31st March, reports many societies organized in England, and sending material assistance for the benefit of freedmen in the South.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LAND FOR SALE.

I will sell privately, between this time and the 20th of April, instant, 640 acres of valuable land. This tract of land lies in Davie county, between Mocksville and Fulton, N. C. On it is a large proportion of fine bottom land. The land is all ready prepared for planting a crop. There are very good improvements, comprising dwellings, an ice-house, five or six tobacco-barns, and all other necessary outhouses of sufficient capacity for a family of 25 or 30 persons, on the place.

If this property is not sold privately before the 20th of April, it will be put up at public action on that day to the highest bidder.

—ALSO.—

At the same time and place I will sell six head of horses and five mules. Among the horses is a pair of fine matches. Also, will be sold, one very fine family Carriage, and my stock of Cattle and Hogs, Farming Implements of all kinds, and Household and Kitchen furniture.

EDMUND FITZGERALD
apl 7-d12t.